



God's Attributes (listed alphabetically)

1. Advocate

God defends and supports His people.

“But if anybody does sin, we have an advocate with the Father—Jesus Christ, the Righteous One.” (1 John 2:1)

2. Aseity (ā'sēətē)

God's self-existence and independence from anyone or anything else. It means that God has always existed and will always exist on His own. God does not depend on anything outside of Himself for His being, and He is the source of His own existence. This attribute sets God apart from all created things, which rely on something else for their existence. Aseity is related to God's self-existence and self-sufficiency.

“The God who made the world and everything in it is the Lord of heaven and earth and does not live in temples built by human hands.²⁵ And he is not served by human hands, as if he needed anything. Rather, he himself gives everyone life and breath and everything else.”
(Acts 17:24–25)

3. Beautiful

God's nature is aesthetically perfect.

“One thing I ask from the LORD, this only do I seek: that I may dwell in the house of the LORD all the days of my life, to gaze on the beauty of the LORD.” (Psalm 27:4)

4. Comforter

God provides solace and reassurance in times of trouble.

“Blessed are those who mourn, for they will be comforted.” (Matthew 5:4)

5. Compassionate

God shows deep empathy and care for His creation.

“The LORD is gracious and righteous; our God is full of compassion.” (Psalm 116:5)

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6. Creator

God made the universe and everything in it.

“In the beginning, God created the heavens and the earth.” (Genesis 1:1)

7. Eternal

God has no beginning or end; He is outside of time.

“Before the mountains were born or you brought forth the whole world, from everlasting to everlasting you are God.” (Psalm 90:2)

8. Faithful

God is dependable, trustworthy, and true to His promises.

“Know therefore that the LORD your God is God; he is the faithful God, keeping his covenant of love to a thousand generations.” (Deuteronomy 7:9)

9. Forgiving

God pardons sinners and removes their guilt.

“If we confess our sins, he is faithful and just and will forgive us our sins and purify us from all unrighteousness.” (1 John 1:9)

10. Glorious

God is full of glory and worthy of all praise. “Glory” refers to the inherent magnificence, splendor, and majesty that emanate from God’s nature. It encompasses His supreme greatness, honor, and the radiant beauty of His character and actions.

“The heavens declare the glory of God; the skies proclaim the work of his hands.” (Psalm 19:1)

11. Good

God’s nature is wholly and perfectly good.

“Give thanks to the LORD, for he is good; his love endures forever.” (Psalm 107:1)

12. Goodness

God is kind and benevolent. Note: While both attributes of good and goodness reflect God’s moral excellence, “good” pertains to His intrinsic nature, while “goodness” relates to how this nature is expressed in His actions.

“Oh, taste and see that the LORD is good!” (Psalm 34:8)

13. Gracious

God gives unmerited favor and blessings to His creation.

“For the grace of God has appeared that offers salvation to all people.” (Titus 2:11)

14. Healer

God restores physical, emotional, and spiritual health.

“He heals the brokenhearted and binds up their wounds.” (Psalm 147:3)

15. Holy

God is perfectly pure, sinless, and set apart from all creation.

“Holy, holy, holy is the Lord Almighty; the whole earth is full of his glory.” (Isaiah 6:3)

16. Immanent

God is involved and active within His creation.

“The Word became flesh and made his dwelling among us.” (John 1:14)

17. Immutable (Unchanging)

God does not change; He is the same yesterday, today, and forever.

“Jesus Christ is the same yesterday and today and forever.” (Hebrews 13:8)

18. Impassible

God is not subject to suffering, pain, or the passions.

“For I am the LORD, I change not.” (Malachi 3:6)

19. Impeccability

God’s inability to sin.

“He is the Rock, his works are perfect, and all his ways are just. A faithful God who does no wrong, upright and just is he.” (Deuteronomy 32:4)

20. Incorporeality

God’s nature as spirit, without a physical body.

“God is spirit, and his worshipers must worship in the Spirit and in truth.” (John 4:24)

21. Incomprehensible

God is beyond full human understanding.

“Great is our Lord, and abundant in power; his understanding is beyond measure.”
(Psalm 147:5)

22. Infinite

God has no limits or boundaries in His person or in any aspects of His being and attributes.

“But will God really dwell on earth? The heavens, even the highest heaven, cannot contain you. How much less this temple I have built!” (1 Kings 8:27)

23. Intercessor

God mediates and prays on behalf of His people.

“Who then is the one who condemns? No one. Christ Jesus who died—more than that, who was raised to life—is at the right hand of God and is also interceding for us.” (Romans 8:34)

24. Invincible

God cannot be defeated.

“I know that you can do all things; no purpose of yours can be thwarted.”
(Job 42:2)

25. Jealous

God's zeal for His own honor and for the love and faithfulness of His people.

“For the LORD your God is a consuming fire, a jealous God.” (Deuteronomy 4:24)

26. Judge

God judges all people with perfect justice.

“For we must all appear before the judgment seat of Christ.” (2 Corinthians 5:10)

27. Just

God acts in perfect fairness and impartiality, ensuring that justice is served.

“He is the Rock, his works are perfect, and all his ways are just. A faithful God who does no wrong, upright and just is he.” (Deuteronomy 32:4)

28. King

God rules over all creation with supreme authority.

“The LORD has established his throne in the heavens, and his kingdom rules over all.”
(Psalm 103:19)

29. Light

God illuminates and dispels darkness.

“God is light; in him there is no darkness at all.” (1 John 1:5)

30. Long-Suffering

God patiently endures wrongdoing and waits for repentance. Note: Both “long-suffering” and “patience” demonstrate God’s grace, but “long-suffering” often conveys enduring despite provocation, while “patience” conveys a calm, composed waiting for people to change.

“The Lord is not slow in keeping his promise, as some understand slowness. Instead he is patient with you, not wanting anyone to perish.” (2 Peter 3:9)

31. Love

God’s nature is love, characterized by selfless, sacrificial, and unconditional love for His creation.

“Whoever does not love does not know God, because God is love.” (1 John 4:8)

32. Loving

God is love, and His actions are characterized by compassion and care. Note: “Love” describes God’s essential nature, while “loving” describes how God acts out of that nature.

“For God so loved the world that He gave His one and only Son, that whoever believes in Him shall not perish but have eternal life.” (John 3:16)

33. Majestic

God possesses supreme greatness and splendor.

“O LORD, our Lord, how majestic is your name in all the earth!” (Psalm 8:1)

34. **Merciful**

God shows compassion and forgiveness towards His creation.

“The Lord is merciful and gracious, slow to anger and abounding in steadfast love.”
(Psalm 103:8)

35. **Mystery**

Aspects of God that are beyond human understanding but can be revealed by Him. Note: “Mystery” often refers to specific divine truths or plans that are hidden and can be revealed, whereas “incomprehensible” refers more broadly to the nature of God that cannot be fully understood by human minds.

“I have become its servant by the commission God gave me to present to you the word of God in its fullness—²⁶ the mystery that has been kept hidden for ages and generations, but is now disclosed to the Lord’s people.” Colossians 1:25–26

36. **Omnipotent (All-Powerful)**

God has unlimited power and can do anything that is consistent with His nature.

“For nothing will be impossible with God.” (Luke 1:37)

37. **Omnipresent (Present Everywhere)**

God is present everywhere at all times.

“Where can I go from your Spirit? Where can I flee from your presence?” (Psalm 139:7)

38. **Omniscient (All-Knowing)**

God knows everything, including past, present, and future.

“Oh, the depth of the riches of the wisdom and knowledge of God! How unsearchable his judgments, and his paths beyond tracing out!” (Romans 11:33)

39. **Orderly**

God brings structure and harmony to the universe.

“For God is not a God of disorder but of peace.” (1 Corinthians 14:33)

40. **Patient**

God’s capacity to wait calmly and remain composed without getting frustrated, or giving up on humanity

“Or do you show contempt for the riches of his kindness, forbearance and patience, not realizing that God's kindness is intended to lead you to repentance?” (Romans 2:4)

41. Peace

God is the source of peace and harmony.

“For he himself is our peace.” (Ephesians 2:14)

42. Protector

God guards and defends His people.

“The LORD will keep you from all harm—he will watch over your life.” (Psalm 121:7)

43. Providence

God's continuous involvement with all created things, directing them to fulfill His purposes.

“In him we were also chosen, having been predestined according to the plan of him who works out everything in conformity with the purpose of his will . . .” (Ephesians 1:11)

44. Provider

God supplies the needs of His people. (Note: As “provider,” God ensures the consistent and dependable supply of our needs, whereas as “resourceful,” He creatively and ingeniously provides solutions and resources, often in unexpected and miraculous ways.

“And my God will meet all your needs according to the riches of his glory in Christ Jesus.” (Philippians 4:19)

45. Pure

God is morally and spiritually perfect.

“Everyone who has this hope in him purifies himself, just as he is pure.” (1 John 3:3)

46. Redeemer

God saves His people from sin and its consequences.

“In him we have redemption through his blood, the forgiveness of our trespasses, according to the riches of his grace.” (Ephesians 1:7)

47. Resourceful

God provides resources and solutions in every situation.

“Now to him who is able to do immeasurably more than all we ask or imagine, according to his power that is at work within us . . .” (Ephesians 3:20)

48. Righteous

God always acts in accordance with what is right and is Himself the final standard of what is right.

“The LORD is righteous in all his ways and faithful in all he does.” (Psalm 145:17)

49. Sanctifier

God purifies His people and makes them holy.

“But you were washed, you were sanctified, you were justified in the name of the Lord Jesus Christ and by the Spirit of our God.” (1 Corinthians 6:11)

50. Self-Existent

God is uncreated. He has no origin and exists independently of anyone or anything else. Note: “Self-existence” primarily addresses the fact that God exists by His own nature, while “aseity” emphasizes God’s independence and underscores His unique nature as the uncaused cause of everything that exists.

“God said to Moses, ‘I AM WHO I AM.’” (Exodus 3:14)

51. Self-Sufficient

God needs nothing outside Himself to sustain His existence—He lacks nothing. God is complete and perfect in Himself.

“For as the Father has life in himself, so he has granted the Son also to have life in himself.” (John 5:26)

52. Shepherd

God leads, guides, and cares for His people.

“The LORD is my shepherd; I shall not want.” (Psalm 23:1)

53. Simplicity

God is entirely unified and indivisible, with no parts or contradictions in His being. Everything about God is perfectly integrated and consistent.

Hear, O Israel: The LORD our God, the LORD is one. Deuteronomy 6:4

“I and the Father are one.” (John 10:30)

54. Sovereign

God has supreme authority and control over all things.

“But I the LORD will speak what I will, and it shall be fulfilled without delay. For in your days, you rebellious people, I will fulfill whatever I say, declares the Sovereign LORD.”
(Ezekiel 12:25)

55. Sustainer

God upholds and maintains the existence of His creation.

“The Son is the radiance of God’s glory and the exact representation of his being, sustaining all things by his powerful word.” (Hebrews 1:3)

56. Teacher

God instructs and enlightens His people.

“I will instruct you and teach you in the way you should go; I will counsel you with my loving eye on you.” (Psalm 32:8)

57. Transcendent

God is above and beyond His creation, independent and not limited by it.

“Who is like the LORD our God, the One who sits enthroned on high, who stoops down to look on the heavens and the earth?” (Psalm 113:5–6)

58. Trinity

God exists as three persons in one essence: Father, Son, and Holy Spirit.

“May the grace of the Lord Jesus Christ, and the love of God, and the fellowship of the Holy Spirit be with you all.” (2 Corinthians 13:14)

59. Triumphant

God achieves victory over all His enemies.

“Your right hand, LORD, was majestic in power. Your right hand, LORD, shattered the enemy.”
(Exodus 15:6)

60. Trustworthy

God is reliable and can be trusted completely.

“Trust in the LORD with all your heart and lean not on your own understanding.”
(Proverbs 3:5)

61. Truth

God's nature as the ultimate standard of reality and correctness. Everything about God, including His thoughts, actions, and character, is the embodiment of truth.

"Your righteousness is everlasting and your law is true." (Psalm 119:142)

62. Truthfulness

God's consistent honesty and reliability in His promises and actions. Note: "Truth" reflects God's essential nature and His alignment with ultimate reality, while "truthfulness" relates to His consistent honesty and reliability in His promises and actions.

"God is not human, that he should lie, not a human being, that he should change his mind. Does he speak and then not act? Does he promise and not fulfill?" (Numbers 23:19)

63. Understanding

God's insight and knowledge are perfect.

"Great is our Lord and mighty in power; his understanding has no limit." (Psalm 147:5)

64. Unity

God is singular and distinct from everything else. He is one and there is no other deity besides Him. Note: While "unity" emphasizes that there is only one God and He is indivisible, "simplicity" delves into the nature of that oneness by asserting that God's attributes are not separate parts of Him but are one with His essence. In summary: unity—there is only one God. Simplicity—this one God is not composed of parts; His essence and attributes are identical.

"I am the LORD, and there is no other; apart from me there is no God." (Isaiah. 45:5)

65. Upholder

God supports and maintains all of creation. Note: While both attributes, upholder and sustainer, reflect God's active involvement in creation, "upholder" focuses more on the maintenance of order and stability, whereas "sustainer" focuses on the provision and preservation of existence.

"He is before all things, and in him all things hold together." (Colossians 1:17)

66. Veracity

The accuracy and reliability of God's statements and declarations. He always tells the truth—God cannot lie, make mistakes, or mislead. God's words and promises are always trustworthy and reliable.

"Every word of God is flawless; he is a shield to those who take refuge in him." (Proverbs 30:5)

67. Victorious

God prevails over all evil and opposition. *Note:* “Victorious” emphasizes the act of winning and overcoming opposition—it highlights God’s power and ability to conquer. “Triumphant” emphasizes the state and celebration of victory—it highlights the joy, glory, and honor that follow God’s victory.

“But thanks be to God! He gives us the victory through our Lord Jesus Christ.”
(1 Corinthians 15:57)

68. Wise (Omnisapient—all-wise)

God possesses perfect wisdom and knowledge.

“To the only wise God be glory forever through Jesus Christ!” (Romans 16:27)

69. Wrathful (Righteous anger)

God’s righteous anger against sin and evil.

“The wrath of God is being revealed from heaven against all the godlessness and wickedness of people.” (Romans 1:18)

70. Zealous

God’s fervent and passionate commitment to His honor and purposes.

“The zeal of the LORD Almighty will accomplish this.” (Isaiah 9:7)

Personal
Apologetics
God’s Attributes

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